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(54) **AUXILIARY AXLE AND SUSPENSION ASSEMBLY**

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USPC 280/86.5, 93.512, 124.116, 124.128, 280/124.157

See application file for complete search history.

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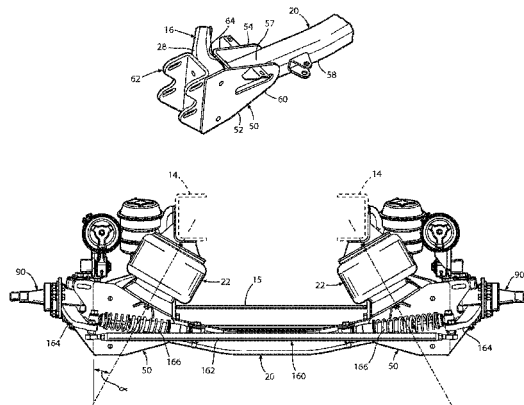
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(57) **ABSTRACT**

A vehicle suspension assembly includes providing an axle assembly having a first end including a first mounting structure and a second end, providing a first bearing block and a second bearing block, forming a first aperture in the first bearing block and a second aperture in the second bearing block, attaching the first and second bearing blocks to the first mounting structure subsequent to forming the first and second apertures; and providing a first spindle assembly coupled to the first mounting structure by a first spherical bearing located within the first aperture and a second spherical bearing located within the second aperture, wherein a first kingpin assembly extends through the first and second spherical bearings, thereby coupling the first spindle with the first mounting structure.

24 Claims, 11 Drawing Sheets



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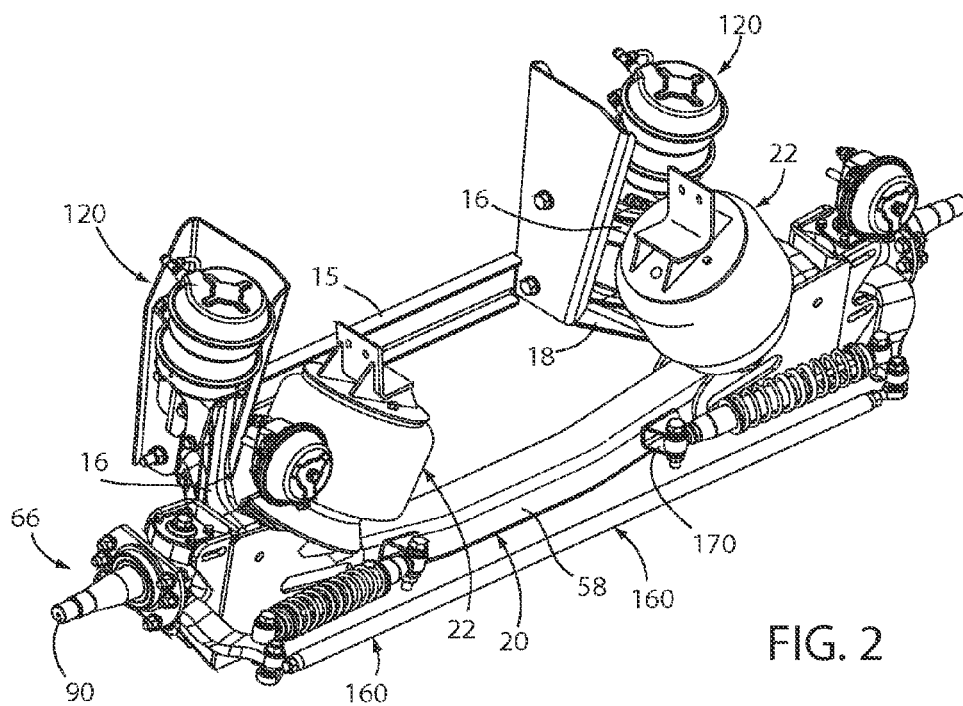
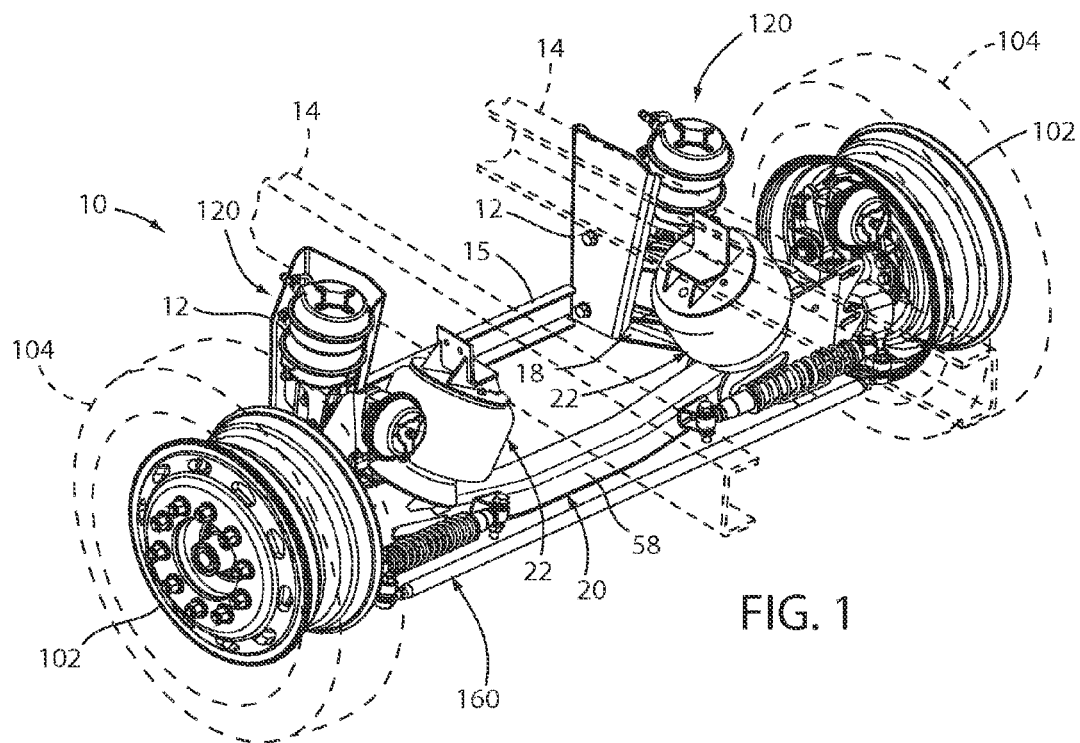
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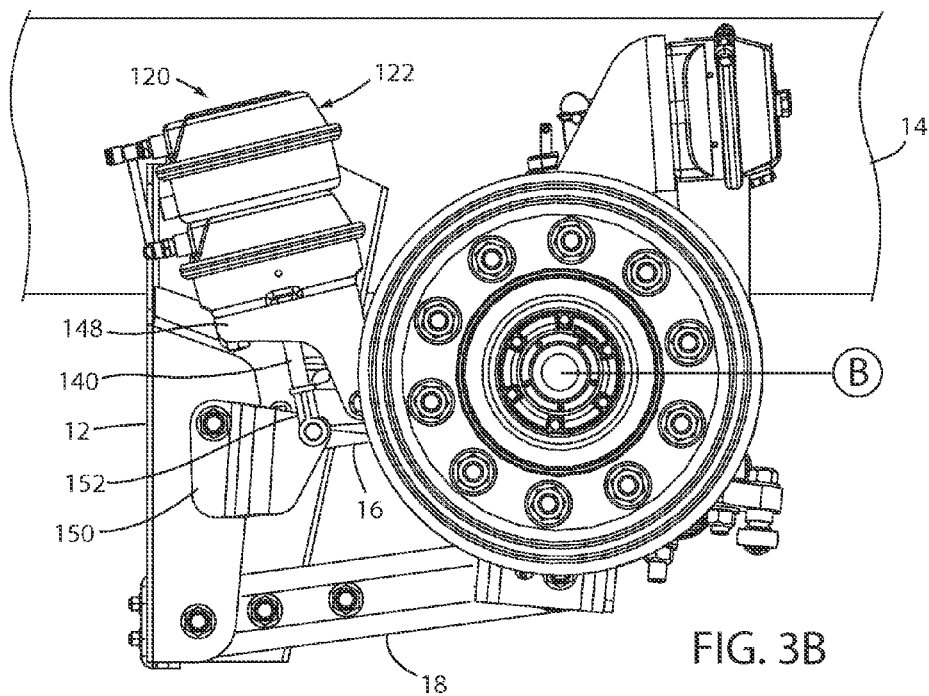
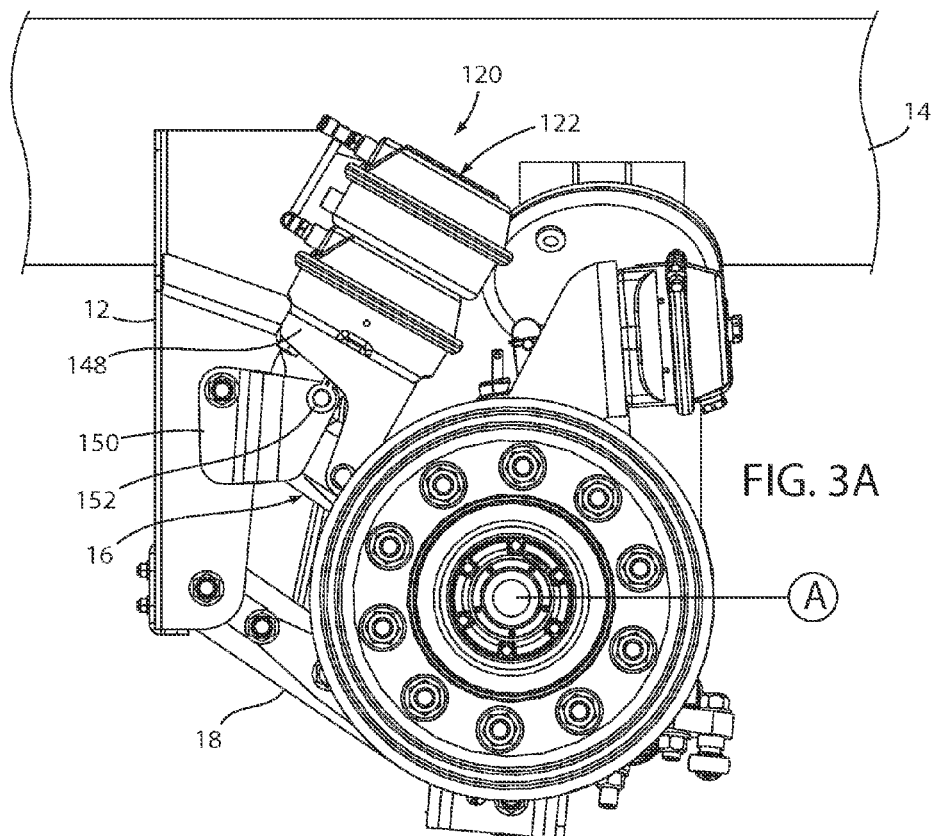
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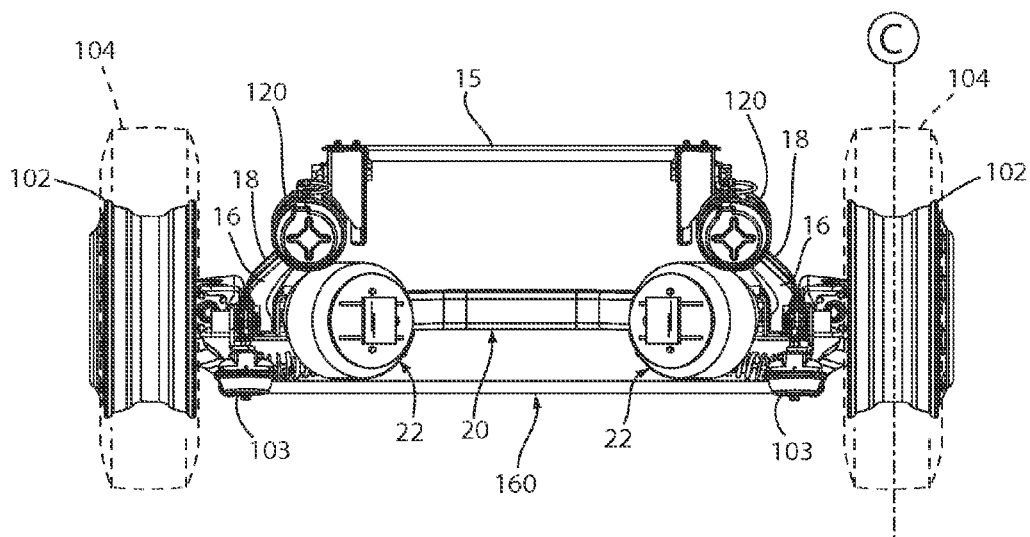


FIG. 4A

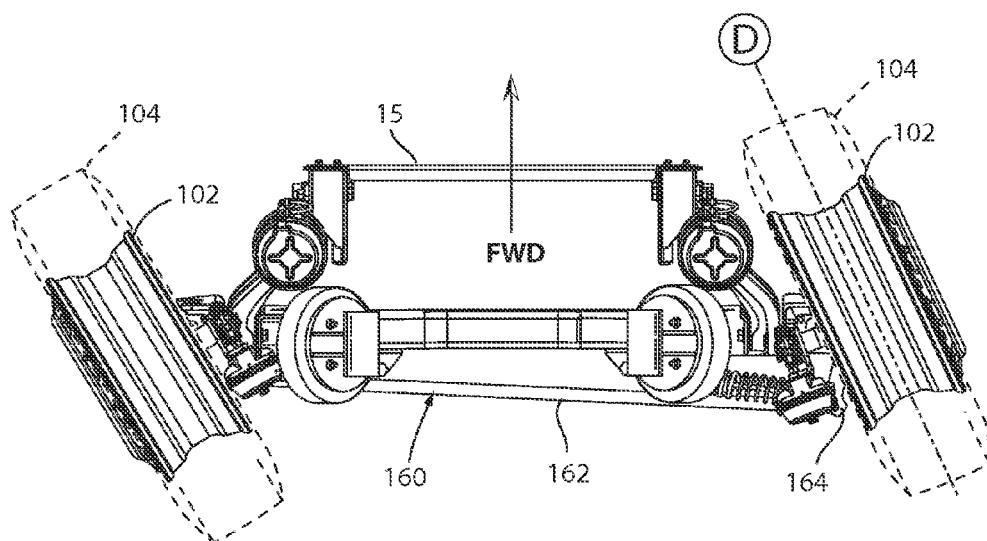


FIG. 4B

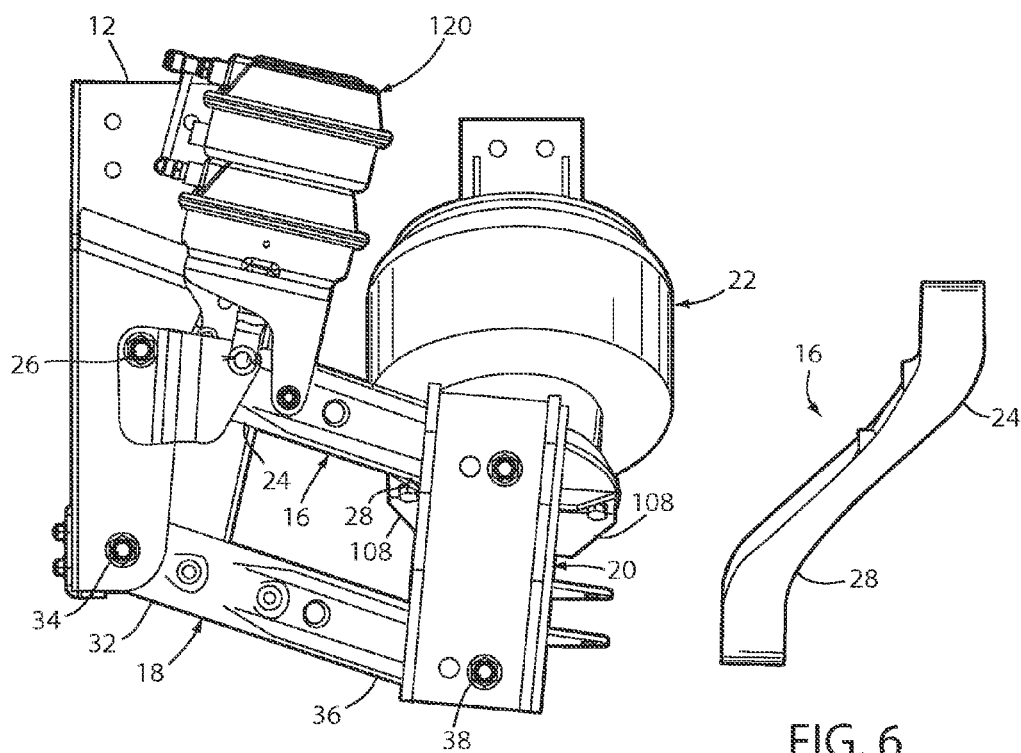


FIG. 5

FIG. 6

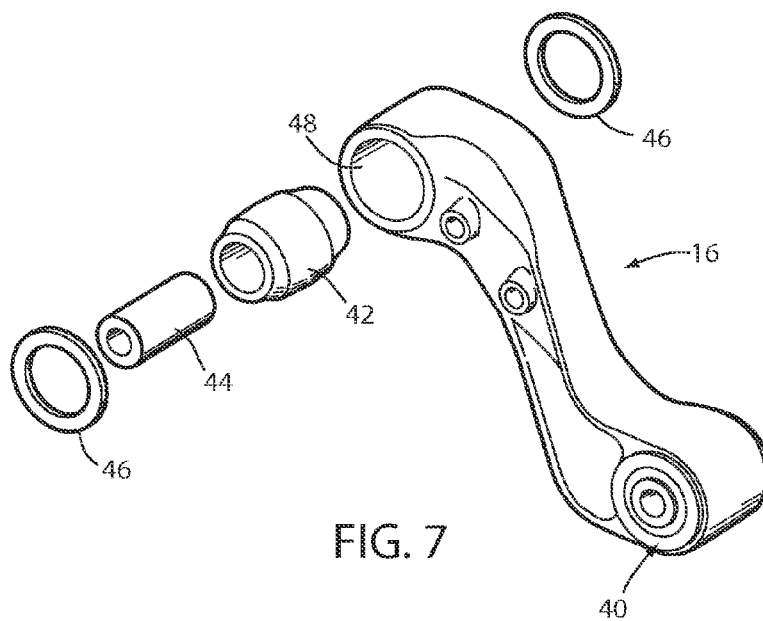


FIG. 7

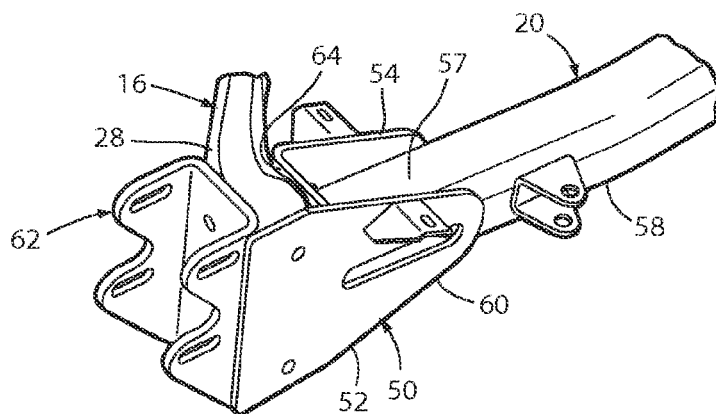


FIG. 8

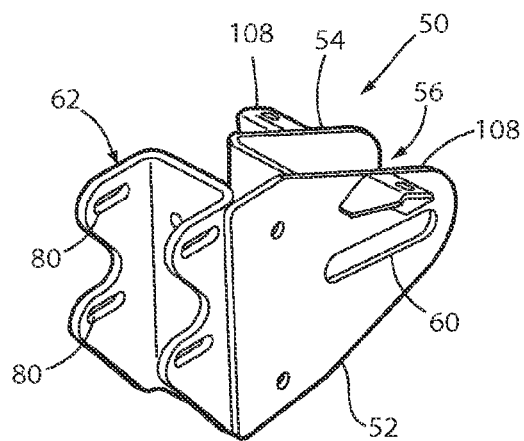


FIG. 9A

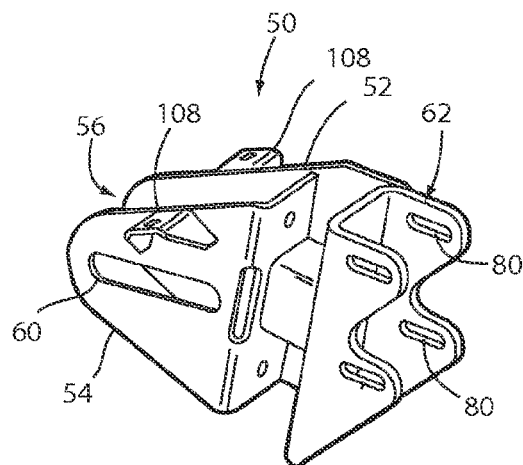


FIG. 9B

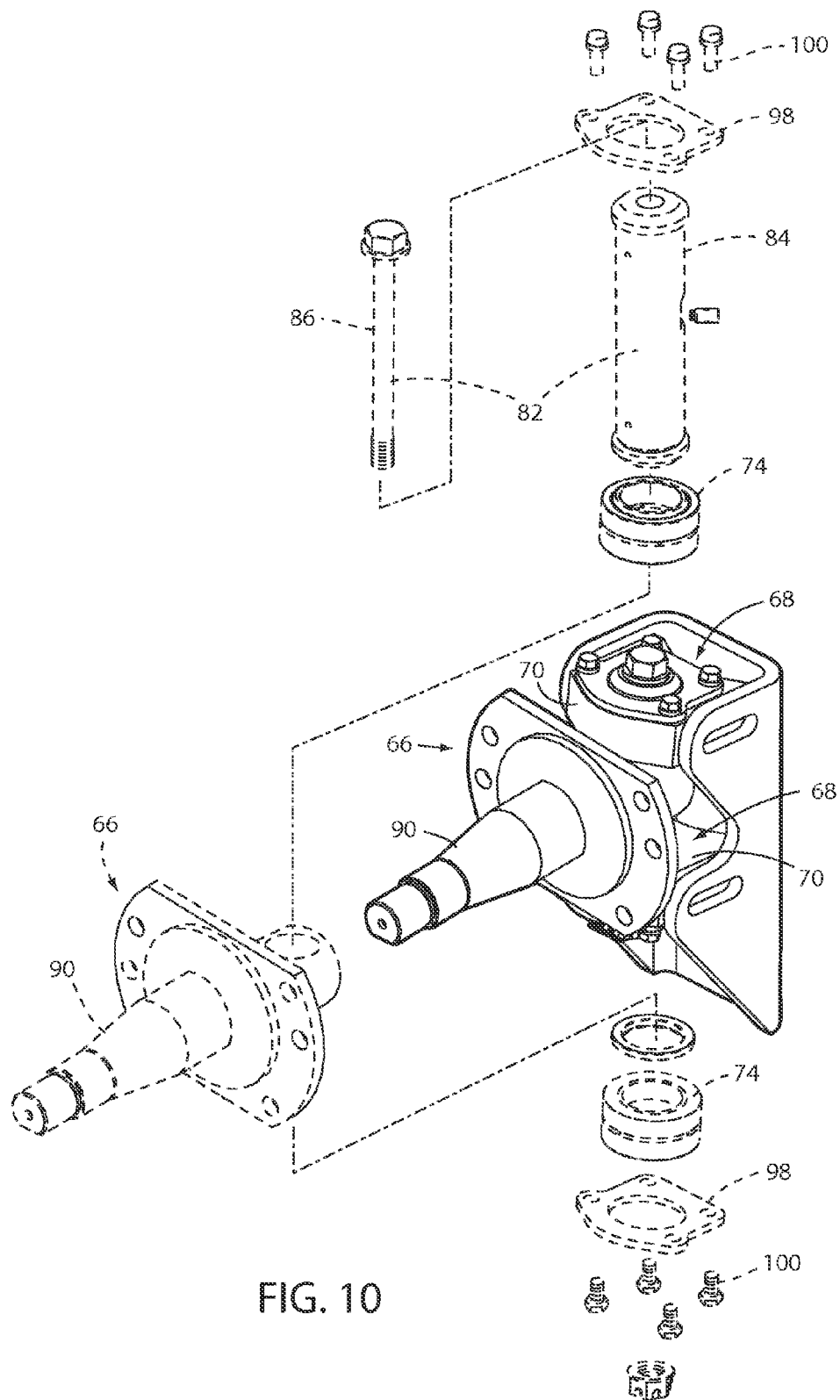
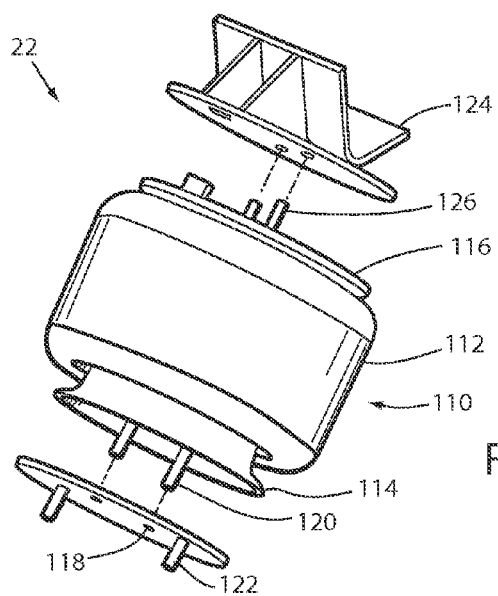
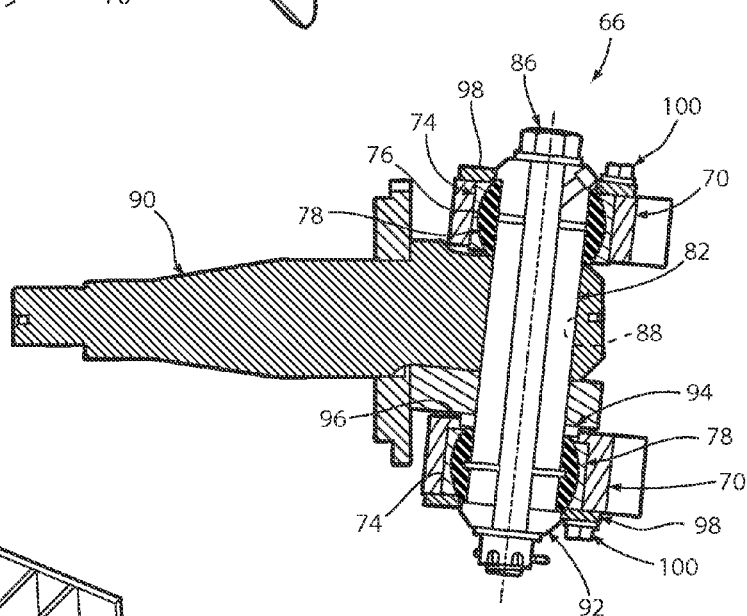
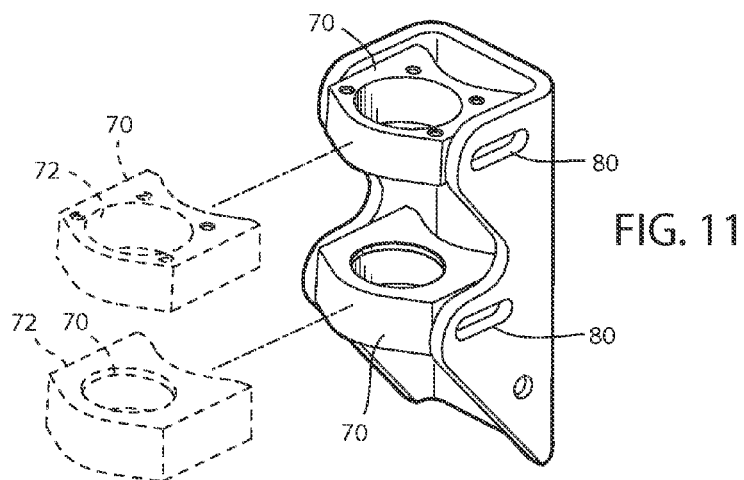


FIG. 10



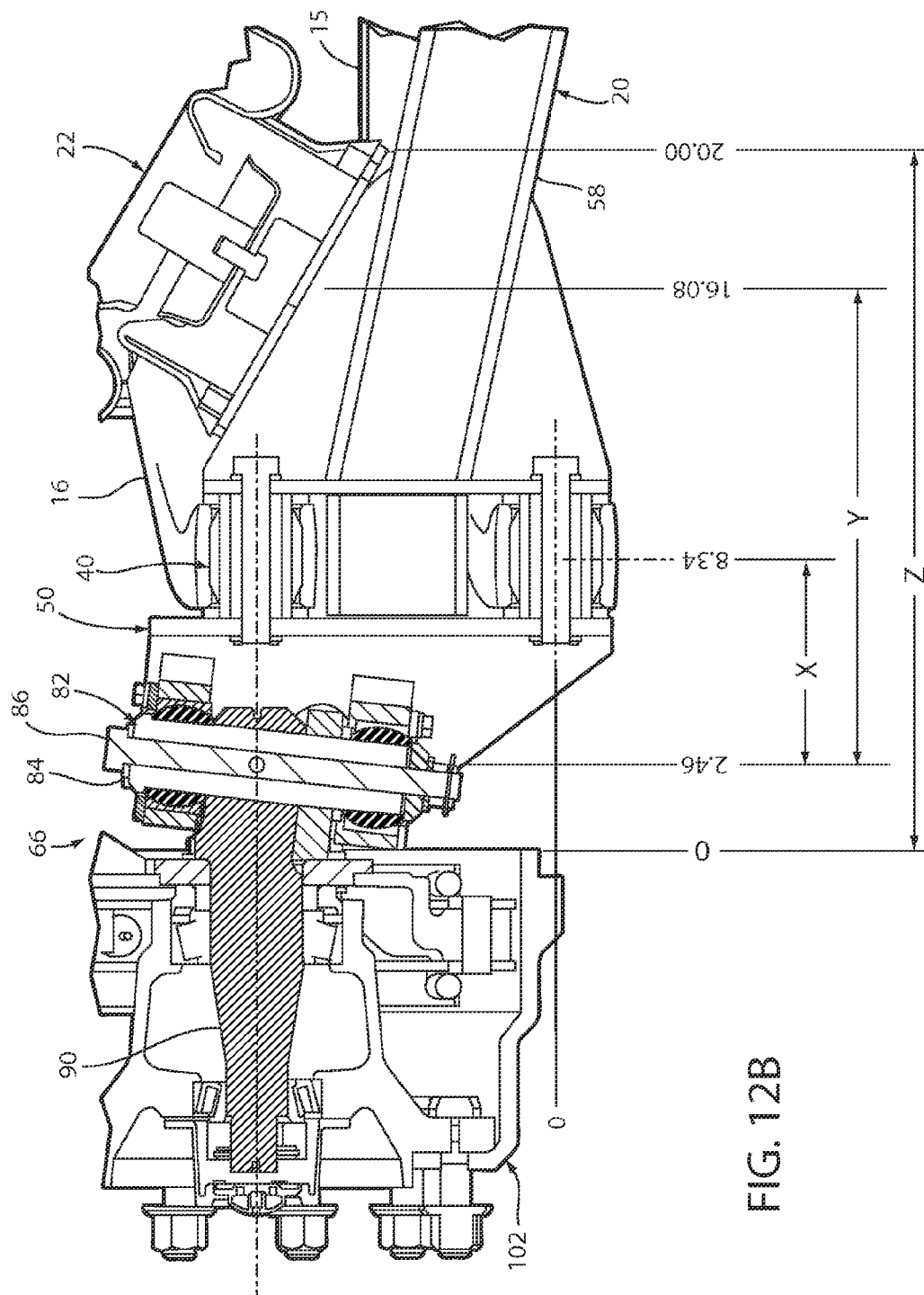


FIG. 12B

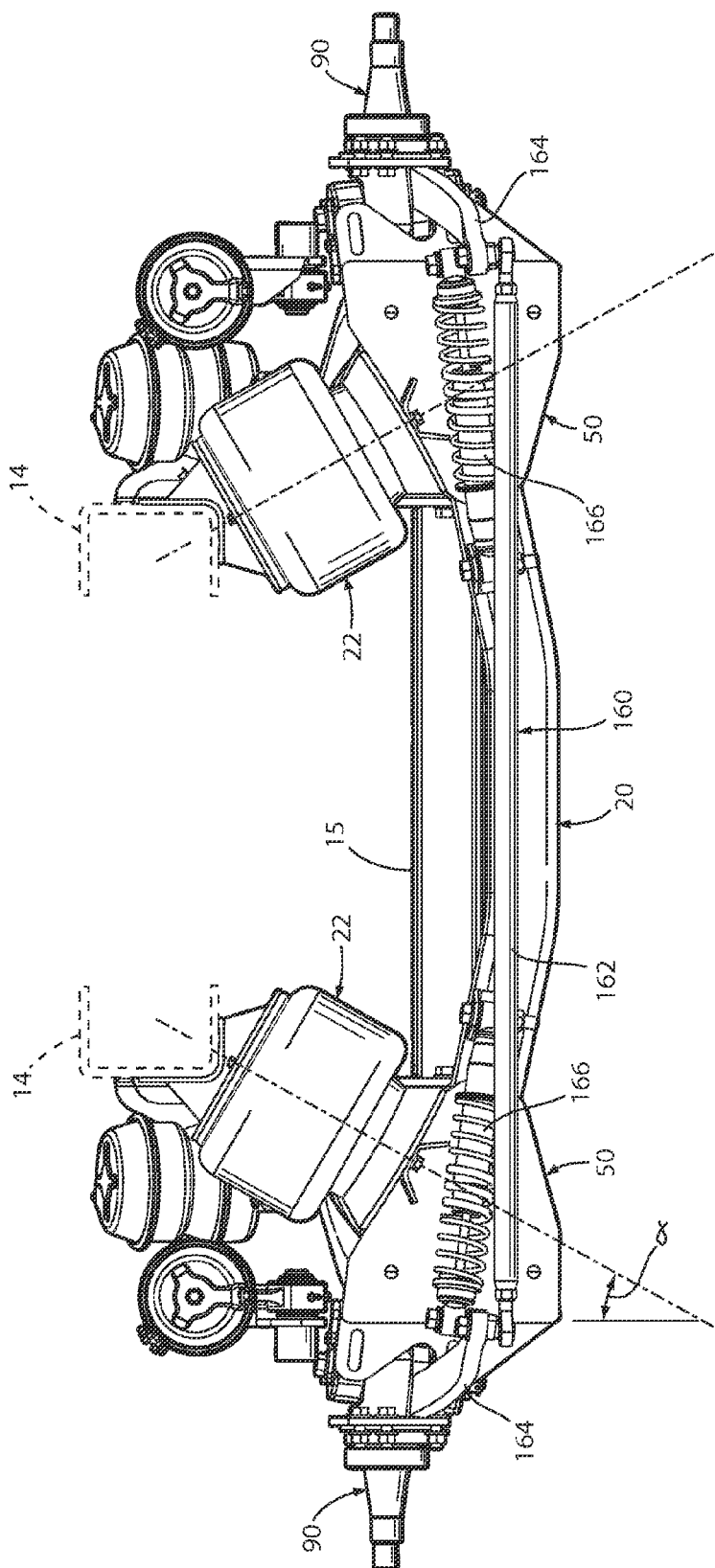
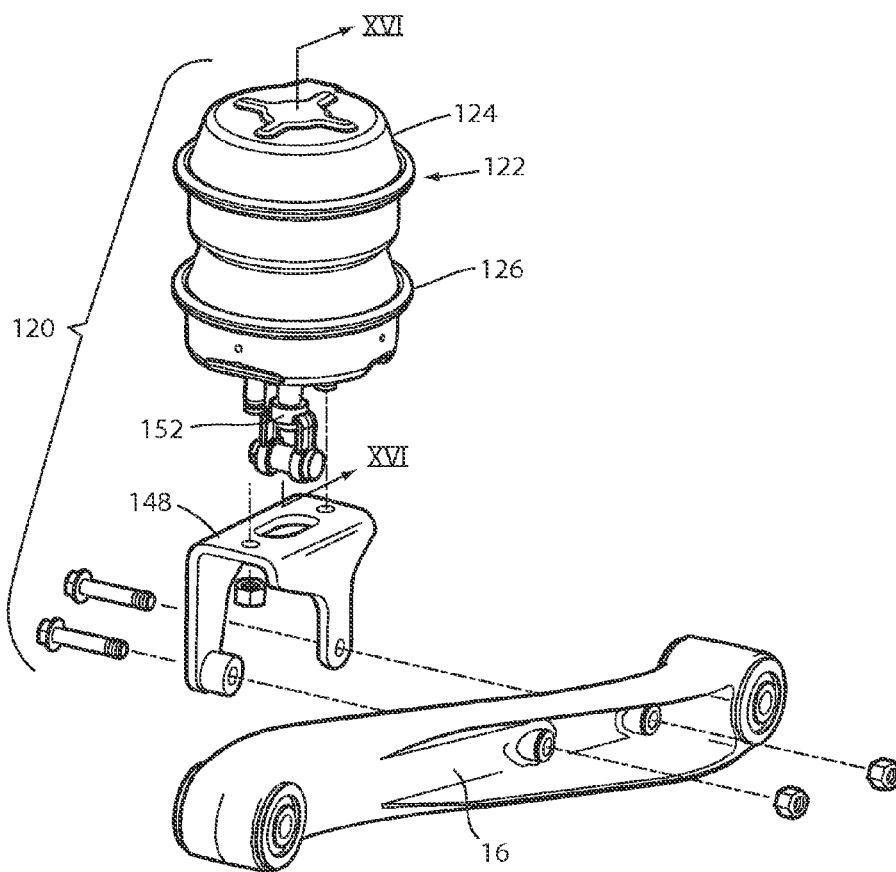
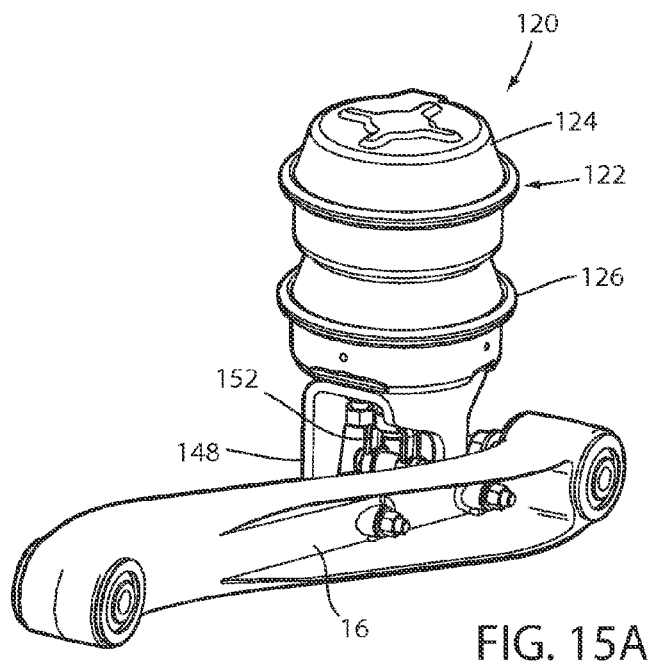


FIG. 14



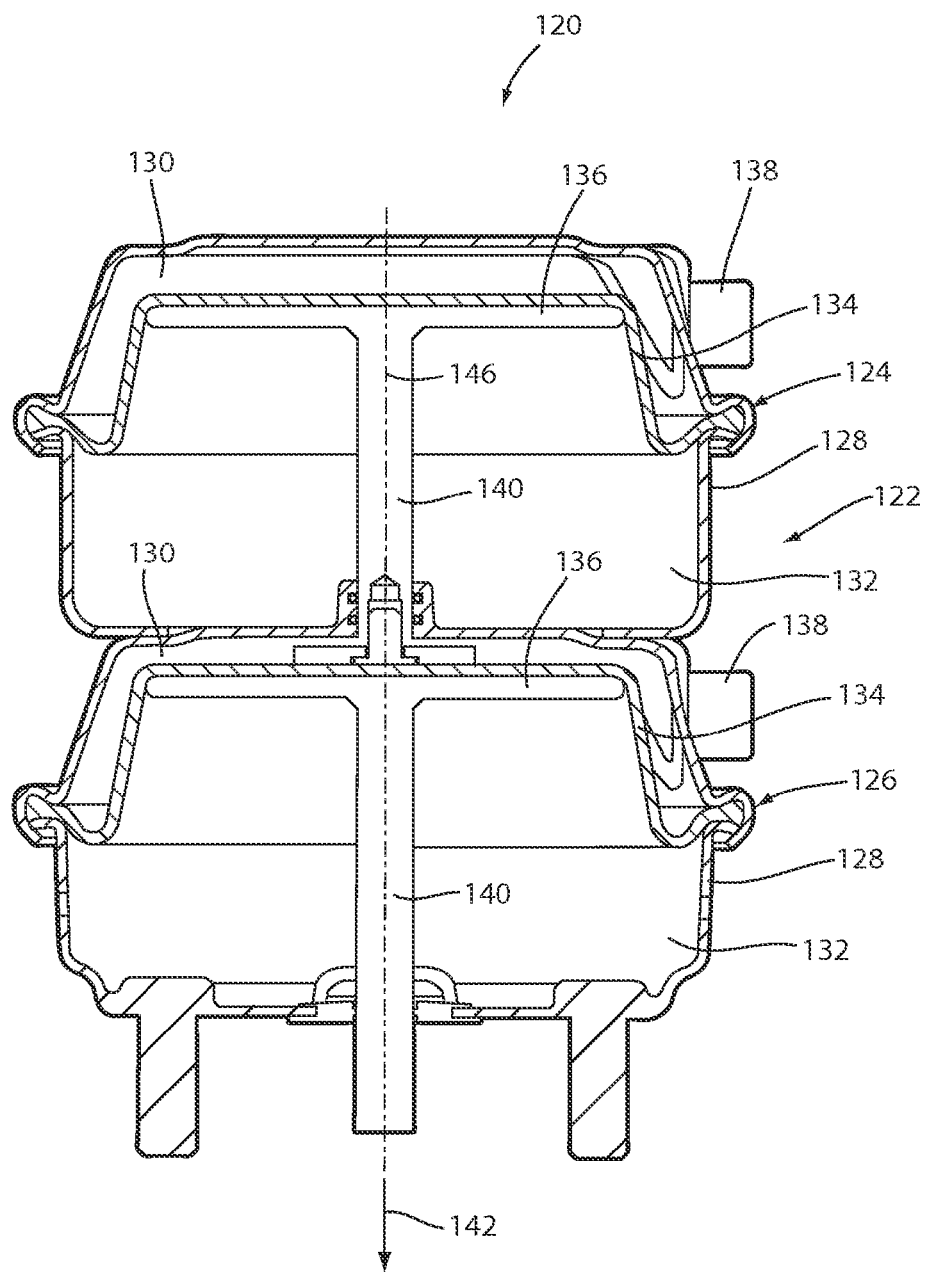


FIG. 16

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AUXILIARY AXLE AND SUSPENSION ASSEMBLY

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to heavy duty vehicle suspensions and assemblies, and particularly to suspension assemblies incorporating a trailing arm-type configuration. More particularly, the present invention relates to an auxiliary vehicle suspension assembly adapted for movement between an in-use position and a storage position, and incorporating a self-steer assembly.

BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

One aspect of the present invention is to provide a method of assembling a vehicle suspension assembly comprising providing an axle assembly having a first end including a first mounting structure and a second end, providing a first bearing block and a second bearing block, forming a first aperture in the first bearing block and a second aperture in the second bearing block, attaching the first and second bearing blocks to the first mounting structure subsequent to forming the first and second apertures, and providing a first spindle assembly coupled to the first mounting structure by a first spherical bearing located within the first aperture and a second spherical bearing located within the second aperture, wherein a first kingpin assembly extends through the first and second spherical bearings, thereby coupling the first spindle with the first mounting structure.

Another aspect of the present invention is to provide a vehicle suspension assembly that comprises an axle member having a first end and a second end, a first mounting bracket adapted to couple to a vehicle frame assembly, a first trailing arm having a first end pivotably coupled to the first mounting bracket, and a second end pivotably coupled to the axle member, a second mounting bracket adapted to couple to the vehicle frame assembly, and a second trailing arm having a first end pivotably coupled to the second mounting bracket, and a second end pivotably coupled to the axle member. The vehicle suspension assembly further comprises an integral, one-piece first mounting arrangement coupled to the first end of the axle member, wherein the first mounting arrangement couples the first end of the axle member to a first spindle assembly, and wherein the first mounting arrangement couples the first air spring to the first end of the axle member such that the first air spring is adapted to extend between the first end of the axle member and the vehicle frame assembly, and an integral, one-piece second mounting arrangement coupled to the second end of the axle member, wherein the second mounting arrangement couples the second end of the axle member to a second spindle assembly, and wherein the second mounting arrangement couples a second air spring to the second end of the axle member such that the second air spring is adapted to extend between the second end of the axle member and the vehicle frame assembly.

Still another aspect of the present invention is to provide a vehicle suspension assembly that comprises an axle member having a first end and a second end, a first mounting bracket adapted to couple to a vehicle frame assembly, a first trailing arm having a first end pivotably coupled to the first mounting bracket, and a second end, a second mounting bracket adapted to couple to the vehicle frame assembly, and a second trailing arm having a first end pivotably coupled to the second mounting bracket, and a second end. The vehicle suspension assembly further comprises an integrated first

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mounting arrangement coupled to the first end of the axle member, wherein the first mounting arrangement couples the first end of the axle member to a first spindle assembly, and wherein the first mounting arrangement couples the first air spring to the first end of the axle member such that the first air spring is adapted to extend between the first end of the axle member and the vehicle frame assembly, wherein the first mounting arrangement couples the second end of the first trailing arm to the first end of the axle member at a first location, the first spindle to the first end of the axle member at a second location, and the first air spring to the first end of the axle member at a third location, and wherein a maximum distance between any one of the first location, the second location and the third location is less than or equal to about 14 inches, and an integrated second mounting arrangement coupled to the second end of the axle member, wherein the second mounting arrangement couples the second end of the axle member to a second spindle assembly, and wherein the second mounting arrangement couples a second air spring to the second end of the axle member such that the second air spring is adapted to extend between the second end of the axle member and the vehicle frame assembly, wherein the second mounting arrangement couples the second end of the second trailing arm to the second end of the axle member at a fourth location, the second spindle to the second end of the axle member at a fifth location, and the second air spring to the second end of the axle member at a sixth location, and wherein a maximum distance between any one of the fourth location, fifth location and sixth location is less than or equal to about 14 inches.

Still yet another aspect of the present invention is to provide a vehicle suspension assembly that comprises an axle member having a first end and a second end, a first mounting bracket adapted to couple to a vehicle frame assembly, a first trailing arm having a first end pivotably coupled to the first mounting bracket, and a second end, a second mounting bracket adapted to couple to the vehicle frame assembly, and a second trailing arm having a first end pivotably coupled to the second mounting bracket, and a second end. The vehicle suspension assembly further comprises an integrated first mounting arrangement coupled to the first end of the axle member, wherein the first mounting arrangement couples the first end of the axle member to the second end of the first trailing arm, a first spindle assembly, and a first air spring such that the first air spring is adapted to extend between the first end of the axle member and the vehicle frame assembly, and wherein the first mounting arrangement has a total length of less than or equal to about 20 inches, and an integrated second mounting arrangement coupled to the second end of the axle member, wherein the second mounting arrangement couples the second end of the axle member to the second end of the second trailing arm, a second spindle assembly, and a second air spring such that the second air spring is adapted to extend between the second end of the axle member and the vehicle frame assembly, and wherein the second mounting arrangement has a total length of less than or equal to about 20 inches.

The present inventive vehicle suspension assembly provides a durable, uncomplicated design that can be easily and quickly assembled, while simultaneously reducing manufacturing costs. The invention is efficient in use, economical to manufacture, capable of a long operating life, and is particularly well adapted to the proposed use.

These and other advantages of the present invention will be further understood and appreciated by those skilled in the art by reference to the following written specification, claims, and appended drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of a vehicle suspension assembly embodying the present invention;

FIG. 2 is a perspective view of the vehicle suspension assembly with wheel and hub assemblies removed;

FIG. 3A is a side elevational view of the vehicle suspension assembly in a lowered, in-use position;

FIG. 3B is a side elevational view of the vehicle suspension assembly in a raised, storage position;

FIG. 4A is a top plan view of the vehicle suspension assembly in an inline orientation;

FIG. 4B is a top plan view of the vehicle suspension assembly in a turning orientation;

FIG. 5 is a side elevational view of the suspension assembly;

FIG. 6 is a top plan view of a trailing arm;

FIG. 7 is an exploded perspective view of a trailing arm assembly;

FIG. 8 is an exploded perspective view of mounting arrangement and associated connections;

FIG. 9A is a perspective rear view of the mounting arrangement;

FIG. 9B is a perspective front view of the mounting arrangement;

FIG. 10 is an exploded perspective view of a spindle assembly, wherein the components of the spindle assembly are shown in dashed in an exploded state and in solid in an assembled state;

FIG. 11 is an exploded perspective view of bearing blocks and a portion of the mounting arrangement, wherein the bearing blocks are shown in dashed in the exploded state and in solid in an assembled state;

FIG. 12A is a cross-sectional view of the spindle assembly and a portion of the mounting arrangement;

FIG. 12B is a cross-section view of the vehicle suspension assembly;

FIG. 13 is an exploded perspective view of an air spring assembly;

FIG. 14 is a rear elevational view of the suspension assembly;

FIG. 15A is a perspective view of a lift arrangement;

FIG. 15B is an exploded perspective view of the lift arrangement; and

FIG. 16 is a cross-section view of a dual diaphragm actuator, taken along the line XVI-XVI, FIG. 15.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF EMBODIMENTS

For purposes of description herein, the terms “upper,” “lower,” “right,” “left,” “rear,” “front,” “vertical,” “horizontal,” and derivatives thereof shall relate to the invention as oriented in FIG. 1. However, it is to be understood that the invention may assume various alternative orientations, except where expressly specified to the contrary. It is also to be understood that the specific devices and processes illustrated in the attached drawings, and described in the following specification are simply exemplary embodiments of the inventive concepts defined in the appended claims. Hence, specific dimensions and other characteristics relating to the embodiments disclosed herein are not to be considered as limiting, unless the claims expressly state otherwise.

A suspension assembly 10 (FIGS. 1 and 2) comprises a pair of mounting brackets 12 fixedly connected to a pair of longitudinally extending frame members 14 of a vehicle frame assembly and coupled to one another by a cross member 15, a plurality of trailing arm assemblies including

a pair of upper trailing arms 16 (FIGS. 3A-4B) and a pair of lower trailing arms 18, an axle assembly 20, and a pair of air spring assemblies 22 extending between the axle assembly 20 and corresponding frame members 14.

In the illustrated example, each upper trailing arm 16 (FIG. 5) includes a first end 24 pivotably coupled to one of the mounting brackets 12 for rotation about a pivot point 26 and a second end 28 pivotably coupled to the axle assembly 20 for rotation about a pivot point 30, as described below. Each lower trailing arm 18 includes a first end 32 pivotably secured to a mounting bracket 12 for pivoting about a pivot point 34, and a second end 36 pivotably coupled to the axle assembly 20 for pivotable movement around a pivot point 38, also as described below. FIGS. 4A and 6 illustrate the generally outward-sweeping shape of the trailing arms 16, 18 along the length of the trailing arms 16, 18 from the first end 24, 32 to the second end 28, 36. As best illustrated in FIG. 7, each end 24, 28, 32, 36 of the trailing arms 16, 18 are pivotably secured to the mounting brackets 12 and axle assembly 20 by a bushing assembly 40 comprising an elastically resilient bushing member 42, a bushing pin 44 and nylon washers 46 received within a corresponding bore 48.

As best illustrated in FIG. 8, the second end 28, 36 of each trailing arm 16, 18 are pivotably coupled to an integrated corresponding mounting arrangement 50. Each mounting arrangement 50 (FIGS. 9A and 9B) includes a triangularly-shaped rear plate 52, an L-shaped front plate 54 that cooperates with the rear plate 52 to form an inwardly-opening pocket 56 within which an end 57 of an axle member 58 of the axle assembly 20 is received. The rear plate 52 and the front plate 54 each include a welding aperture 60 about which a weld is formed to secure the end 57 of the axle 58 within the pocket 56. Each mounting arrangement 50 further includes a C-shaped spindle attachment plate 62 that is attached to the rear plate 52, and which cooperates with the rear plate 52 and the front plate 54 to form a pocket 64 within which the second ends 28, 36 of the trailing arms 16, 18 are pivotably secured. As utilized herein, the term “integrated” means that the components of the mounting arrangement 50, including the rear plate 52, the front plate 54 and the spindle attachment plate 62 are brought together with one another such that the components form a single unit and are not spaced from one another. In the illustrated example, the rear plate 52, the front plate 54 and the spindle attachment plate 62 are welded to one another, however these components may also be formed as a single integral piece, or coupled together with various mechanical fasteners. Spindle assemblies 66 (FIGS. 2 and 10-12A) are pivotably secured to the corresponding mounting arrangement 50 of the axle assembly 20 by a pair of bearing assemblies 68 each including a bearing block 70 having a bearing bore 72 that receives a corresponding bearing 74, each bearing 74 including a race 76 and a spherical bearing member 78. The spindle attachment plate 62 includes a plurality of elongated welding apertures 80 about which a weld is received to weld the bearing blocks 70 to the spindle attachment plate 62 of the mounting arrangement 50. It is noted that the bearing bore 72 of each of the bearing blocks 70 is machined prior to attaching the bearing block 70 to the mounting arrangement 50. A kingpin assembly 82 including an elongated kingpin collar 84 and a kingpin 86 extends through the bearings 74 and an aperture 88 of the spindle 90, thereby pivotably securing the spindle 90 to the axle assembly 20. Specifically, tightening of the kingpin 86 creates a load path extending through the kingpin collar 84, each of the spherical bearing members 78, an end of the spindle 90, and a collar member 92. Over-tightening of the kingpin 86 is

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prevented by a washer member **94** positioned between the lower of the spherical bearing members **78** and the spindle **90**. It is noted that the lower of the bearing blocks **70** includes a collar portion **96** that abuts the race **76** of the corresponding bearing **74**, thereby providing proper spacing and assisting during assembly. Specifically, the collar portion or lip **96** provides a stop for the bearing to be pressed to during assembly, thereby defining the vertical positioning for the entire spindle assembly. Further, the lip **96** is adapted to support the vertical load should the press-fit of the bearing fail. A pair of retainer plates **98** are secured to the corresponding bearing blocks **70** by a plurality of bolts **100**. The hub assemblies **102**, breaking assemblies **103** and tires **104** are coupled to the associated spindle **90**.

Each mounting arrangement **50** (FIGS. **9A** and **9B**) includes forwardly and rearwardly extending air spring mounting brackets **108** to which the corresponding air spring assembly **22** (FIG. **5**) is coupled. In the illustrated example, the air spring mounting brackets **108** are integrated with the rest of the associated mounting arrangement, including the rear plate **52**, the front plate **54** and the spindle attachment bracket **62**. As best illustrated in FIG. **13**, each air spring assembly **22** includes a rolling lobe-style air spring **110** including an air bladder **112**, an internal lobe member **114** and a top plate **116**. A mounting plate **118** is secured to the lobe member **114** via a plurality of mechanical fasteners **120**, with the mounting plate **118** being secured to the air spring mounting brackets **108** by a plurality of mechanical fasteners such as bolts **122**. The top plate **116** is secured to an upper mounting plate **124** by a plurality of mechanical fasteners **126**. The upper mounting plate **124** is attached to a corresponding vehicle frame rail **14**. As best illustrated in FIG. **14**, the mounting arrangements **50** are located and configured such that the air spring assemblies **22** are inwardly inclined from the mounting assemblies **50** towards the vehicle frame rails **14** at an angle α , thereby resulting in a lower spring rate and reducing the interaction between the suspension and chassis and improving the control in a vehicle jounce event. Further, the incline of the spring assemblies **22** reduces the overall travel thereof, thereby allow use of rolling-lobe type air springs and reducing the overall cost. Preferably, angle α is between 30° and 45° from vertical, and more preferably between 30° and 35° from vertical, thereby resulting in a natural frequency for the vertical displacement or vibrations of the suspension assembly of less than or equal to about 3 Hz, and more preferably of between about 1 Hz and 2 Hz.

The outwardly-sweeping configuration of the trailing arms **16**, **18** (FIG. **12B**) in conjunction with the configuration and construction of the mounting arrangements **50**, provides for attachment of the trailing arms **16**, **18**, the spindles **90**, and the air spring assemblies **22** in close proximity to one another and in close proximity to the ends of the axle member **20**. Preferably, the distance X between the center point of the connection of the trailing arms **16**, **18** with the mounting arrangement **50** and the center point of the connection of the spindle **90** with the mounting arrangement **50** is less than or equal to about 6 inches, the distance Y between the center point of the connection between the spindle **90** with the mounting arrangement **50** and the center point of the connection between the air spring assembly **22** with the mounting arrangement **50** is less than or equal to about 14 inches, and the total length Z of the mounting arrangement **50** is less than or equal to about 20 inches.

As best illustrated in FIGS. **3A** and **3B**, the vehicle suspension assembly **10** is vertically adjustable. Specifically, the axle assembly **20** is movable from a lowered position A,

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wherein the tires **104** contact a ground surface, thereby assisting and supporting the load of the vehicle, and a raised position B, wherein the tires **104** are spaced from the ground surface, thereby reducing tire wear and fuel consumption.

The vehicle suspension assembly **10** includes a pair of lift arrangements **120** operably coupled with the associated upper trailing arms **16** and mounting brackets **12**. Each lift arrangement **120** includes a dual diaphragm chamber assembly **122** (FIGS. **15A**-FIG. **16**) including first diaphragm chamber **124** and a second diaphragm chamber **126**. Each diaphragm chamber **124**, **126** includes a housing **128** divided into an upper chamber **130** and a lower chamber **132** by a deformable diaphragm **134** and a push plate **136**, wherein the upper chamber **130** may be pressurized via an air inlet **138**. Each push plate **136** is secured to a push rod **140** such that the push rods **140** are each forced in a direction **142** as the upper chamber **138** is pressurized. It is noted that in the illustrated example, the longitudinal axis **146** of each of the push rods **140** are aligned with one another. It is further noted that the dual push rods **140** may be replaced by a single push rod that extends through both the first diaphragm chamber **124** and the second diaphragm chamber **126**. The diaphragm chamber assembly **122** is attached to a corresponding upper trailing arm **16** by a lift bracket **148**, while the push rod **140** associated with the second diaphragm chamber **126** is pivotably coupled to an associated mounting bracket **12** by a push rod plate **150** that is fixedly coupled to the mounting bracket **12**, and a clevis arrangement **152** that is attached to the end of the push rod **140** of the second diaphragm chamber **126** and pivotably coupled to the push rod plate **150**. It is noted that the configuration of the diaphragm chamber assembly **122** results in a beveling of the force exerted on the associated push rods **150** while maintaining a reduced overall plan area required to house or position the diaphragm chamber assembly **122** within the overall vehicle suspension assembly **10**.

The vehicle suspension assembly **10** further comprises a self-steer assembly which pivots the spindles **90** and the tires **104** between an inline orientation C, as illustrated in FIG. **4A**, and a turning orientation B, as illustrated in FIG. **4B**. In the illustrated example, the steering assembly **160** includes a tie rod **162** pivotably coupled to spindle arms **164** (FIG. **14**) associated with each spindle **90**. The steering assembly **160** further includes a pair of damper assemblies **166** pivotably secured to the spindle arms **164** and the axle **58** via a pair of mounting brackets **170** (FIG. **2**).

In the foregoing description it will be readily appreciated by those skilled in the art that modifications may be made to the invention without departing from the concepts as disclosed herein. Such modifications are to be considered as included in the following claims, unless these claims by their express language state otherwise.

The invention claimed is:

1. A vehicle suspension assembly, comprising:

- an axle member having a first end and a second end;
- a first mounting bracket adapted to couple to a vehicle frame assembly;
- a first trailing arm having a first end pivotably coupled to the first mounting bracket, and a second end pivotably coupled to the axle member;
- a second mounting bracket adapted to couple to the vehicle frame assembly;
- a second trailing arm having a first end pivotably coupled to the second mounting bracket, and a second end pivotably coupled to the axle member;
- an integral, one-piece first mounting arrangement coupled to the first end of the axle member, wherein the first

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mounting arrangement couples the first end of the axle member to a first spindle assembly, and wherein the first mounting arrangement couples a first air spring to the first end of the axle member such that the first air spring is adapted to extend between the first end of the axle member and the vehicle frame assembly; and an integral, one-piece second mounting arrangement coupled to the second end of the axle member, wherein the second mounting arrangement couples the second end of the axle member to a second spindle assembly, and wherein the second mounting arrangement couples a second air spring to the second end of the axle member such that the second air spring is adapted to extend between the second end of the axle member and the vehicle frame assembly.

2. A vehicle suspension assembly of claim 1, wherein the second end of the first trailing beam is located outboard of the first end of the first trailing beam, and wherein the second end of the second trailing beam is located outboard of the first end of the second trailing beam.

3. A vehicle suspension assembly of claim 1, wherein the first mounting arrangement pivotably couples the second end of the first trailing arm to the first end of the axle member, and wherein the second mounting arrangement pivotably couples the second end of the second trailing arm to the second end of the axle member.

4. The vehicle suspension assembly of claim 1, wherein the first mounting arrangement couples the first air spring assembly to the first end of the axle member such that a longitudinal axis of the first air spring assembly is inwardly angled from the first mounting arrangement.

5. The vehicle suspension assembly of claim 1, wherein the first mounting arrangement includes a recess that receives a first bearing assembly therein, and wherein the first bearing assembly couples the first spindle to the first end of the axle member.

6. The vehicle suspension assembly of claim 5, wherein the first bearing assembly extends at least partial vertically above the first end of the axle member.

7. The vehicle suspension assembly of claim 1, further comprising:

- a third trailing arm having a first end pivotably coupled to the first mounting bracket, and a second end pivotably coupled to the axle member; and
- a fourth trailing arm having a first end pivotably coupled to the second mounting bracket, and a second end pivotably coupled to the axle member.

8. The vehicle suspension assembly of claim 7, wherein the second end of the third trailing arm is located outboard of the first end of the third trailing arm, and wherein the second trailing end of the fourth trailing arm is located outboard of the first end of the fourth trailing arm.

9. The vehicle suspension assembly of claim 1, further comprising:

- a lift arrangement operably coupled with at least one of the first trailing arm and the second trailing arm, and adapted to move the axle member between a first vertical position, wherein a tire coupled to one of the ends of the axle member contacts a ground surface, and a second vertical position, wherein the tire is spaced from the ground surface.

10. The vehicle suspension assembly of claim 1, further comprising:

- a steering arrangement operably coupled with at least a select one of the first and second spindle assemblies, and adapted to move a tire coupled to one of the spindle assemblies between a first position defining a first

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direction of travel, and a second position defining a second direction of travel that is different than the first direction of travel.

11. The vehicle suspension assembly of claim 1, wherein the integrated first mounting arrangement comprises a plurality of individual components welded to one another.

12. A vehicle suspension assembly, comprising:

- an axle member having a first end and a second end;
- a first mounting bracket adapted to couple to a vehicle frame assembly;
- a first trailing arm having a first end pivotably coupled to the first mounting bracket, and a second end;
- a second mounting bracket adapted to couple to the vehicle frame assembly;
- a second trailing arm having a first end pivotably coupled to the second mounting bracket, and a second end;
- an integrated first mounting arrangement coupled to the first end of the axle member, wherein the first mounting arrangement couples the first end of the axle member to a first spindle assembly, and wherein the first mounting arrangement couples a first air spring to the first end of the axle member such that the first air spring is adapted to extend between the first end of the axle member and the vehicle frame assembly, wherein the first mounting arrangement couples the second end of the first trailing arm to the first end of the axle member at a first location, the first spindle assembly to the first end of the axle member at a second location, and the first air spring to the first end of the axle member at a third location, and wherein a maximum distance between any one of the first location, the second location and the third location is less than or equal to about 14 inches; and

an integrated second mounting arrangement coupled to the second end of the axle member, wherein the second mounting arrangement couples the second end of the axle member to a second spindle assembly, and wherein the second mounting arrangement couples a second air spring to the second end of the axle member such that the second air spring is adapted to extend between the second end of the axle member and the vehicle frame assembly, wherein the second mounting arrangement couples the second end of the second trailing arm to the second end of the axle member at a fourth location, the second spindle assembly to the second end of the axle member at a fifth location, and the second air spring to the second end of the axle member at a sixth location, and wherein a maximum distance between any one of the fourth location, the fifth location and the sixth location is less than or equal to about 14 inches.

13. A vehicle suspension assembly of claim 12, wherein the second end of the first trailing beam is located outboard of the first end of the first trailing beam, and wherein the second end of the second trailing beam is located outboard of the first end of the second trailing beam.

14. The vehicle suspension assembly of claim 12, wherein the first mounting arrangement has a total length of less than or equal to about 20 inches.

15. The vehicle suspension assembly of claim 12, wherein the first location is located outboard of the third location and the fourth location is located outboard of the sixth location.

16. The vehicle suspension assembly of claim 12, wherein the first mounting arrangement couples the first air spring assembly to the first end of the axle member such that a longitudinal axis of the first air spring assembly is inwardly angled from the first mounting arrangement.

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17. The vehicle suspension assembly of claim 12, wherein the first mounting arrangement includes a recess that receives a first bearing assembly therein, and wherein the first bearing assembly couples the first spindle to the first end of the axle member.

18. The vehicle suspension assembly of claim 17, wherein the first bearing assembly extends at least partial vertically above the first end of the axle member.

19. The vehicle suspension assembly of claim 12, further comprising:

a third trailing arm having a first end pivotably coupled to the first mounting bracket, and a second end pivotably coupled to the axle member by the first mounting arrangement; and

a fourth trailing arm having a first end pivotably coupled to the second mounting bracket, and a second end pivotably coupled to the axle member by the second mounting arrangement.

20. The vehicle suspension assembly of claim 12, further comprising:

a lift arrangement operably coupled with at least one of the first trailing arm and the second trailing arm, and adapted to move the axle member between a first vertical position, wherein a tire coupled to one of the ends of the axle member contacts a ground surface, and a second vertical position, wherein the tire is spaced from the ground surface.

21. The vehicle suspension assembly of claim 12, further comprising:

a steering arrangement operably coupled with at least a select one of the first and second spindle assemblies, and adapted to move a tire coupled to one of the spindle assemblies between a first position defining a first direction of travel, and a second position defining a second direction of travel that is different than the first direction of travel.

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22. The vehicle suspension assembly of claim 12, wherein the first mounting arrangement is an integral, single-piece, and wherein the second mounting arrangement is an integral, single-piece.

23. The vehicle suspension assembly of claim 22, wherein the integrated first mounting arrangement comprises a plurality of individual components welded to one another.

24. A vehicle suspension assembly, comprising:

an axle member having a first end and a second end;

a first mounting bracket adapted to couple to a vehicle frame assembly;

a first trailing arm having a first end pivotably coupled to the first mounting bracket, and a second end;

a second mounting bracket adapted to couple to the vehicle frame assembly;

a second trailing arm having a first end pivotably coupled to the second mounting bracket, and a second end;

an integrated first mounting arrangement coupled to the first end of the axle member, wherein the first mounting arrangement couples the first end of the axle member to the second end of the first trailing arm, a first spindle assembly, and a first air spring such that the first air spring is adapted to extend between the first end of the axle member and the vehicle frame assembly, and wherein the first mounting arrangement has a total length of less than or equal to about 20 inches; and

an integrated second mounting arrangement coupled to the second end of the axle member, wherein the second mounting arrangement couples the second end of the axle member to the second end of the second trailing arm, a second spindle assembly, and a second air spring such that the second air spring is adapted to extend between the second end of the axle member and the vehicle frame assembly, and wherein the second mounting arrangement has a total length of less than or equal to about 20 inches.

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